Book Review

Title: *The Facts of Life. And More: Sexuality and Intimacy for People with Intellectual Disabilities*

Author: Leslie Walker-Hirsch


Cost: $29.95 USD Available from [http://www.brookespublishing.com](http://www.brookespublishing.com) or [www.amazon.com](http://www.amazon.com)

Reviewer: Rhonda S. Black

Leslie Walker-Hirsch is a pioneer in the field of sexuality for individuals with intellectual disabilities. She is the creator of the widely-used Circles® healthy sexuality curriculum for individuals with mild to moderate developmental disabilities (1993, Circles I: Intimacy and Relationships [revised]; 1986, Circles II: Stop Abuse; 1988, Circles III: Safer Ways; James Stanfield Publishing, [http://www.stanfield.com](http://www.stanfield.com)) that utilizes a Circle of Friends approach to describe appropriate and inappropriate contact with different people at different levels of friendship/intimacy. Walker-Hirsch has been actively involved in providing sexuality training classes for young adults and adults with disabilities, parents, administrators and direct service providers for more than 25 years. With 15 contributors, Walker-Hirsch has presented a wide range of topics from various perspectives, creating one of the most comprehensive works on sexuality and individuals with intellectual disabilities to date.

The first chapter discusses sexuality education and intellectual disability across the lifespan. It describes sexuality as part of social development and outlines changes in appropriate socialization that occur when transitioning from childhood to adolescence to adulthood. Especially important is the discussion about behaviors such as tickling, appropriate for children, but not young adults – dispelling the myth that those with intellectual disabilities are eternal children. This chapter also highlights the need for sexuality education to decrease social isolation and dependence. Again, the focus is on appropriate social relationships, including intimate adult relationships. Accompanying each topic are case study-like scenarios that bring the issue to life. For example, one case tells of how a young man with Down syndrome touched the breasts of a girl because he was dared to by some popular boys at school. Another case describes how a 12 year-old girl with mild intellectual disability gave her mother a passionate French kiss one evening after her friend had told her that a peck on the cheek was not “real” kissing. The scenario also described how her mother explained different kinds of kisses for different people and purposes. Nine of these scenarios are presented in the first chapter alone.
The second chapter presents key components of a comprehensive sexuality education program based largely on Walker-Hirsh’s Circles® curriculum. In addition to basic anatomy and hygiene, this curriculum focuses on empowerment, social and relationships skills, and rights and opportunities. The third chapter covers stages of development and basic instructional techniques addressing attention, memory, incidental learning, and learning transfer. This chapter concludes with a section on positive behavioral supports.

The next four chapters are in my opinion, unique, and set this book apart from similar texts on the market today. These chapters discuss parent perspectives; skills needed by direct support workers; addressing cultural differences between staff/teachers and program participants; supporting gay, lesbian, and bisexual relationships; and includes a wonderful chapter titled “In Their Own Words: Couples Tell Their Stories.” The Parent Perspectives chapter, coauthored by Emily Kingsley, a nationally-known pioneer in parent advocacy, discusses awkward situations for parents, such as providing transportation for dates and arranging social encounters, and issues surrounding whether their adult offspring will become parents themselves. The Cultural Diversity chapter discusses how various aspects of culture affect sexuality of persons with disabilities. Courtship and marriage practices, expectations of acceptable behavior for men and women, communication styles, and expectations concerning adults roles are topics included in this chapter. I especially liked the section about avoiding cultural stereotypes. While understanding individuals and their families may have different values from one’s own, this chapter emphasizes the nonproductive and nonresponsive nature of making assumptions such as “the Chinese believe XYZ about sexuality.” The final chapter in this section is titled “Supporting Diversity in Sexual Relationships: On Being Gay, Lesbian, Bisexual, or Transgender with an Intellectual Disability.” This is the first text I have seen to explicitly and purposefully include information on this topic. Diversity in relationships is an especially sensitive topic for residential care providers and one that needs to be openly discussed. This chapter provides some valuable suggestions and resources for service providers to address sexual orientation and gender identity variations as “part of the human experience that deserve to be celebrated” (p. 169).

The next section contains two chapters related to risk management. This text fills a gap in the literature regarding this topic. Scholars such as Richard Sobsey (1991, Disability, sexuality, and abuse: An annotated bibliography; 1994, Violence and abuse in the lives of people with disabilities: The end of silent acceptance?) have warned us about the vulnerabilities of adults with disabilities with respect to sexual exploitation. In a more personal storytelling manner, Dave Hingsberger (1990, I to I: Self concept and people with developmental disabilities; 1995, Just say know!: Understanding and reducing the risk of sexual victimization) has taught about the social nature of sexuality and the risks of over-protection to people with intellectual disabilities. This text combines warnings with easy-to-read scenarios to inform the reader about the risks of both exploitation and over-protection. Topics, such as consent assessment and the components of a comprehensive sexual abuse prevention program, are extremely good resources for any service professional. Much of the information again comes from Walker-Hirsch’s Circles Curriculum® related to building a community of support and
teaching the differences between friends, acquaintances, and strangers. The final section focuses on treatment issues such as seeing an obstetrician/gynecologist for a pelvic exam, helping individuals recover from sexual abuse and sexuality, and mental health.

Overall, the text is well-written by noted authors in an accessible format complete with research findings, practical applications and case-study scenarios. The text covers a broad range of topics thus, filling gaps of previous books in this area. I would highly recommend this book for professionals working with young adults and adults with intellectual disabilities. On a more personal note, I have ordered a copy for myself as a must-have for my library.

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The Ultimate Guide to Sex and Disability is the first complete sex guide for people who live with disabilities, pain, illness, or chronic conditions. Useful for absolutely everyone, regardless of age, gender, or sexual orientation, the book addresses a wide range of disabilities - from chronic fatigue, back pain, and asthma to spinal cord injury, hearing and visual impairment, multiple sclerosis, and more. See more.
See more of The Institute for Sexuality and Intimacy on Facebook. Log In. or. Create New Account. See more of The Institute for Sexuality and Intimacy on Facebook. Log In. Forgotten account? Facebook is showing information to help you better understand the purpose of a Page. See actions taken by the people who manage and post content. Page created â€“ 9 July 2015. People. 2,486 likes. 7 visits. Â· The Facts of Life...and More: Sexuality and Intimacy for People with Intellectual Disabilities Edited by Leslie Walker-Hirsch, M.Ed., FAAMR Book written to help professionals and teachers provide the support and education that adults with intellectual disabilities need. Publisher is Paul H. Brookes. Â· Teaching Children with Down Syndrome about their Bodies, Boundaries and Sexuality by Terri Couwenhoven, MS, Woodbine House, 2007 This book, written by and for the parents of a child with a disability, covers topics such as anatomy, dating, boundaries, emotional development, friendships and abus
Sexuality encompasses sex, gender identities and roles, sexual orientation, eroticism, pleasure, intimacy and reproduction and what we think, feel and believe about them. It has been a research focus for over a hundred years, and highlighted as an important part of the human experience. Since the first studies on human sexuality in the 1940s, research has consistently demonstrated that sexual interest and activity are sustained well into old age. However, only a fraction of the research has explored sexuality in the later years of life. Most of the early research on sexuality and ageing looked 4 Sexuality and Intimacy are essential for Quality of Life Intimate, loving relationship are critical components of the quality of life for all people. Sexuality is an important aspect of holistic care and psychosocial functioning. National Quality Forum (NQF) has established guidelines to be used at the end of life in hospice and palliative care: a social assessment plan should address sexuality/intimacy, an area frequently overlooked in social planning. What do people think about Sex and Aging? What do people think about Sex and Aging? A Few More Facts Sexuality/intimacy should be routinely assessed. Social Workers are best to initiate the topic. Be nonjudgmental; explore personal bias/values Work within the family’s value system, start where they are.